

SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON

CHARLESTOWN

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1848.

THE RESULT.

The great Presidential battle has been fought, and as a public Journalist we can do nothing but record the verdict of the people. The returns are of course, too far, very imperfect, and will not doubt be materially changed by the official report. From present indications, however, quite sufficient is known, to authorize the belief that Gen. Taylor has been elected President of the U. States. It comes upon us like the fall of the bell at night, and is utterly astounding to our ears, not less than excited our fears. That the American people should have elevated to the first office of the nation a man without precedent in the history of our country, fresh from the field of blood and carnage, with his sword by his side, and the flash of victory upon his brow, that the Nation should have selected him, in preference to the distinguished Statesmen, who have served his country with so much distinction in civil life, has well excited the wonder and astonishment of friend and foe. Our heart is sick at the contemplation. There is no similar case in the annals of our Republic, and the fears of many as to the stability of our Union, and the perpetuity of her free institutions, find a solace or comfort in this unexpected result. The Democracy, however, have not submitted to the verdict of the people, and are still clinging to the verdict of the electors. The public mind is at times perturbed by the sicker and sicker of the war, but the "sober second thought" is sure to work out the overthrow and destruction of the deceivers. The whole basis and superstructure of this Government, rests upon the colossal pillars reared by the fathers of the Republic; and though the nation may at times be disposed to seek out new lights, there can be no fears, as all past experience has proved, that it will soon return again to its first faith, and bear aloft in victory and triumph, the Republican flag.

The causes that have operated to bring about our defeat, are too numerous, were we disposed to recapitulate them. The desertion of Mr. Van Buren at the North, operated not only to our injury, but to the advantage of our opponent, in the confidence of the South, in each the present and best of Northern Statesmen. One had been honored and trusted, and proved a traitor to his party and his country, and this alone hangs like a millstone about the neck of Gen. Cass. In addition to this, the dem and the work. The Whig party had in the canvass no principles but "Availability," and the State department of the Republic, and the country has declared against the plain, equal and just principles of the Democratic party. Since they have obtained power, it remains to be seen how far their professions to the people will be carried out. The last session of the next Congress will determine. Until then, the Democracy will calmly abide the result, and be prepared to stand together as one man in defence of their honored principles. Defeated, but not demoralized—Beaten, but not overwhelmed.

From the Washington Union of Saturday. We have struggled to the last; but we are afraid we shall ultimately have to give up the ship. We lost North Carolina yesterday, according to the bulletin of our friend Holden, of the Raleigh Standard. This result terminates the majority of Gen. Taylor at about 1,000. The game has in all probability gone against us; but we had still some glimpses of hope yesterday morning. We called the vote in Gen. Cass's favor for the following States: Maine 9, New Hampshire 6, Virginia 17, South Carolina 12, Mississippi 12, Indiana 12, Illinois 9, Missouri 9, Arkansas 5, Michigan 5, Iowa 4, Ohio 23.

Give him Wisconsin, and his vote amounts to 127—wanting 10 votes to elect him. Our August 14 bulletin of yesterday morning bids us "believe Georgia is safe." We were almost afraid to imagine such a result. But on this morning, Gen. Cass would have received 137 votes—still wanting 9 votes to elect him. Where were these 9 votes? We could only draw upon Tennessee, Louisiana and Florida. The vote of Tennessee alone would have been sufficient to win the race; or Louisiana and Florida together would work out the problem. Yet, considering the indications that have been made in these States, we are free to confess it is almost hopeless against hope to expect the vote of Tennessee, or the votes of Florida and Louisiana. De Motre, in the calculation of chances, would scarcely have the possibility of such a combination of chances in our favor; and although we did not give up the ship, yet we confess the chances of saving her appeared so uncertain, that we could scarcely dare to entertain any sanguine hope of success. Whilst there is life, however, there is hope—particularly as we can scarcely believe that the indications that have been made in these States, are so unfavorable to our cause. We assume, therefore, for the sake of the argument, as well as on account of the weight of the returns themselves, that General Zachary Taylor has been elected President of the United States. In announcing this conclusion, we cannot, of course, conceal our disappointment and our regret. Our friends in various States have been mistaken in their calculations. They have detected us, and we have detected others. The Whig system of organization, which has descended to private and domestic visits; whilst the Democrats, confiding too much in their strength, have not exerted the necessary energy to counteract their efforts. It is not to be concealed, too, that they had that military ground, which they had in the hands of the people. It was supposed that this enthusiasm was well adapted to excite any serious fears. In addition to these causes, there were numerous other influences which have operated to the disadvantage of our cause. It is necessary at this time to specify the various other causes which led to our defeat.

At Pittsburgh there is a good demand for wool, and prices have advanced to 20 & 28 cents per lb. for common to full blood.

JEFFERSON COUNTY.

The result in this County was a strict party contest. The Whigs made most extravagant calculations as to Taylor's chances, and at every calculation in the county, but their hopes were all blasted, and to the credit of the Democracy we are proud to believe, there was not one who proved recreant to his faith, in a blind zeal for military glory. The gain of 41 to the Whig vote, is the natural increase, our own vote having greatly suffered by the removals and deaths of the last four years. It is a proud consolation, not that the battle is over, (and even if we were defeated), to have the consciousness of having discharged our duty to our country and our principles. State after State may have faltered, but the good old Commonwealth will stand firm, and prove as a beacon-light to the Democracy of the Nation. It is the nucleus around which the lovers of freedom may again rally its veterans, and with an unbroken column of honored ranks, march onward to battle, equipped and to conquer.

TELEGRAPHIC DESPATCHES. The Magnetic Telegraph is justly considered the wonder of the world. Its power, over time and distance has never before been so strikingly manifested as during the last week. By 12 o'clock on the night of the election, sufficient returns had been received at near all the Telegraphic stations, to decide the result in thirteen States of the Union, and to which side the palm of victory belonged. Though the telegraphic despatches received thus far at the Charleston office, contained nothing particularly gratifying to us, the Democracy of the county, yet as that was not so much the fault of the Telegraph as the people, we feel it our duty to return our thanks to Mr. Wm. Thompson of Baltimore, for his kindness and attention in furnishing so many important and authentic despatches. By 9 o'clock, before the news from this county was all received, we had the returns from the City of Boston. And before 12 o'clock, the returns from Baltimore, Richmond, Petersburg, Alexandria, Philadelphia City and County, and various others of less importance. Truly, this is an improvement over the old order of things, and must strike with astonishment every man who contemplates the wonderful progress of the age.

THE NEW ADMINISTRATION. The N. Y. Herald has an editorial of some two or three columns, foreshadowing the only course of action of which the Administration of General Taylor can be sustained. Whether the "Herald" speaks "by authority" remains to be seen. It says:— In the first place, there should be no removals of subordinate officers now in the service of the general government, for mere differences of opinion on political matters. All changes of this kind should be brought about in the natural way, viz. by death or by resignation, unless for the duties of office, or by incapacity to perform them. Second, the present appointments of the government should be reorganized. The State department should be divided into two—one to be called the foreign, and the other the home department. As the State department of the government now exists, it is unwieldy and unmanageable. This is a measure of reform which should be adopted by Congress at once, and carried into effect. Thirdly, a reform in the financial law and fiscal arrangements of the government is loudly called for. It should embrace a modification of the tariff, so as to pay off as rapidly as possible the public debt. The re-enactment of the tariff of 1813 is not, however, needed by the interests of the country. That is a piece of legislation carried out for the special benefit of a few manufacturers, who were not competent to manage their own affairs, and therefore called upon Congress to assist them in so doing. That an attempt will be made to reorganize the schedules of duties passed by Congress in the year 1812, we have no doubt. Such a restoration, even at this early period, and on the very day on which Gen. Taylor was elected, has been already argued by one of the principal Whig journals in Philadelphia.

TAKING IT EASY. The Pennsylvania (Democrat) says:—"And the temperate man Ohio has resolved to be eccentric, by striking a successful blow for the Democratic party. We are very much obliged to good Mistress Backeye; but she is a little too large to come to supper." Under the head of "Intelligence by the mail," the Democratic New York True Sun says:—"We continue to receive from all parts of the country the most favorable assurances of the success of our candidates;—but perhaps it may be as well to add here the papers containing these assurances are all of a date prior to the 7th inst."

EXTRAORDINARY INVENTIONS. Among the articles of merit at the Annual Fair of the American Institute, the New York Express notices four mills, not much larger than the crown of a man's hat, which will grind sixty bushels of wheat per day into fine flour; they can be purchased for \$150, complete, with salting apparatus. There were corn mills on exhibition which do their work admirably, with nearly the same expenditure, and costing less. There were three important machines for the manufacture of cotton and woolen cloth, which may be said to advance such machinery in the series of machines by which cloth is now made, to enable the manufacturer to reduce the cost several in its per yard; should a corresponding number of improvements annually appear at our Fairs for the next ten years, a yard of good nabbed shirting, will be made for one cent per yard.

POW-HATAN. HENRY L. HERRICK, Dem., has been elected delegate from this county, to apply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Lewis V. Fries, Esq. appointed Judge. The majority over Fries, was 23.

VOLUNTARY EXTRA PAY. The Berkeley company of Virginia volunteers, and the heirs of those who died in service, will be paid three months extra pay at Martinsburg, on the 13th inst. by Paymaster James W. Spray.

LEAD-PIE BOOKS. The advertisements for the next volume of Governor Leno's Book, will be found in our columns. This is the only copy of the best literary magazine of the age, and we presume in commending it to those of our friends who may desire a periodical of this class.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

VIRGINIA. JEFFERSON COUNTY. The following was the result in this county on Tuesday last, for President of the United States: 1848. 1844.

Table with columns: Name, Taylor, Polk, Clay. Rows: Charleston, Shepherdston, Harpers-Ferry, Smithfield, Total.

Taylor's majority 141. Clay's do. 103.

BERKELEY. Taylor, 231; Polk, 296; Clay, 113.

FREDERICK. Taylor, 445; Polk, 45; Clay, 45.

WARREN. Taylor, 183; Polk, 81; Clay, 10.

CLARK. Taylor, 33; Polk, 33; Clay, 33.

HAMPSHIRE. Taylor, 161; Polk, 187; Clay, 20.

LOUDOUN. Taylor, 290; Polk, 75; Clay, 163.

Taylor's majority 1035.

VIRGINIA—RECAPITULATION. The following Table as to the vote of Virginia, has been prepared for us by a very accurate politician of our town. We believe it to be nearer correct than any Table that has yet been published. Virginia has no doubt cast her vote for Gen. Taylor by over 3,000 majority.

Table with columns: Name, Taylor, Polk, Clay. Rows: Alexandria, Berkeley, Richmond city, Stafford, Chesterfield, King George, Orange, Jefferson, Loudoun, Elizabeth city, Warwick, Prince George, Clarke, Albemarle, Dinwiddie, Fauquier, Prince William, Amelia, Northumberland, King William, Prince Edward, York, Richmond county, New Kent, Campbell, Gloucester, Goodrich, Pees-on, Montgomery, Halifax, Amherst, Essex, Fluvanna, Mecklenburg, Giles, Rock, Bedford, Rockbridge, Loudon, Accomac, Stafford, Buckingham, Greenbrier, Harrison, Henry, Lewis, Montgomery, Northumberland, Shenandoah, Stafford, Spotsylvania, Nelson, Norfolk, Smyth, Wythe, Total.

The net Whig gain in these 36 counties is 3,388. Thirty-five counties remain to be heard from. The net gain to Taylor in 1844, a majority of 2,207 over Clay.

MARYLAND.

The official report of the vote in Maryland was as follows: Taylor, 17,079; Cass, 13,093; Clay, 3,386.

Taylor's majority, 3,686. Van Buren received 2 votes in Allegany county, 1 in Washington county, 4 in Baltimore county, 23 in Frederick, and 73 in Baltimore city.

PENNSYLVANIA. We have returns from all the counties but 7, and the following is the result: Taylor, 32,149; Cass, 18,313; Clay, 17,336.

Taylor's plurality, 17,336. The counties remaining to be heard from are Cambria, Clearfield, Elk Forest, Greeng, Jefferson and Juniata, Crawford. At the gubernatorial election they gave a majority of 2,387 for Longstreth, (Dem.).

DELAWARE. The following comprises the total of the full returns in majorities from Delaware: Taylor, 410; Cass, 145; Clay's maj. 615.

NEW JERSEY. We have full returns from this State, the majorities of which are as follows: Taylor, 9,335; Cass, 6,733; Clay's maj. 2,603.

NEW YORK. The Albany Journal says that Taylor's majority in N. Y. will be between 75, and 90,000.

OHIO. This State has gone for Cass and Butler by a large majority. We annex the result in a few of the counties, to show the extent of the Free Soil vote in that State: Taylor, 1,777; W. Brown, 2,587; Tremblay, 1,360; 2,075; Ashabula, 804; 1,095; Lake, 714; 871; Mahoning, 1,447; 2,108; Medina, 1,847; 1,146; Lorain, 850 maj.; Portage, 850 maj.; Summit, 850 maj.

MASSACHUSETTS. No choice of electors having been made by the people, the choice devolves on the Legislature of the Commonwealth, chosen last year. (Nov. 1847). They will meet on Wednesday, the 21st inst. after which, to give the vote of the State to Taylor.

MAINE. We have returns from the entire State of Rhode Island, which shows the following result: Taylor, 6,680; Cass, 3,600; Van Buren, 705.

MAINE, Nov. 10, 9 P. M. We have returns from 217 towns in Maine, giving the following result: Taylor, 35,333; Cass, 35,080.

LOUISIANA. The telegraph has failed to furnish us anything from Louisiana since the first report, announcing a majority of 1,091 for Taylor in New Orleans. The State is believed to have gone for Taylor by a considerable majority.

MISSISSIPPI. The only returns yet received from Mississippi are the following, which we find in the Washington Union of this morning: Taylor, 43,333; Cass, 43,333; Van Buren, 43,333.

ILLINOIS. We find the following despatches in the Washington Union, of this morning: Taylor, 6,000 over Polk. In 1844, Mr. Polk's majority was 13,313. Binney received 3,446. This amount makes the result in this State doubtful.

WISCONSIN. The following telegraphic reports from the City of Milwaukee and Southport, are all that we have yet received from Wisconsin. They are meagre but seem to indicate that Cass has carried the State: Milwaukee—Congress, Whig, 394; Democ, 413; Southport—Taylor, 59; Cass, 483; Van Buren, 24.

NORTH CAROLINA. About 30 counties have heard from, and the Taylor vote over the last Presidential election, is 2,307, when Mr. Clay carried the State by 3,245.

INDIANA. This State has no actual returns for Gen. Cass. The Wash. Union of Saturday morning, says: "Thirty-nine counties heard from, which give

WASHINGTON AND TAYLOR.

The following beautiful portrait of General Washington is found in an address delivered by Gen. Lewis Cass, at Washington City, on the 20th January, 1836, as President of the National Historical Society. As the Pennsylvania truly says, "it is a just tribute to the great character of that wonderful man, as it is a splendid piece of literary composition. This is the man to whom Gen. Taylor is compared by his indiscreet supporters—Gen. Taylor, who has never toted in his life—Gen. Taylor, who publishes his incompetency—Gen. Taylor, whose position has been changed as often as the weathercock in a windy day. The contrast is made still more striking by this really sublime piece of eloquence."

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